P012. HOUSEHOLDS BY PRESENCE OF PEOPLE UNDER 18 YEARS BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE -Universe: HOUSEHOLDS

Data Set: 2003 American Community Survey Summary Tables

S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology - 10 A - 10 - 10

		<u>« hide upper a</u>	nd lower bound
	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	229,408	225,422	233,394
Households with one or more people under 18 years:	96,957	93,182	100,732
Family households:	95,844	92,153	99,535
Married-couple family	63,822	60,209	67,435
Other family:	32,022	29,859	34,185
Male householder, no wife present	10,553	9,180	11,926
Female householder, no husband present	21,469	19,645	23,293
Nonfamily households:	1,113	597	1,629
Male householder	787	359	1,215
Female householder	326	72	580
Households with no people under 18 years:	132,451	129,161	135,741
Family households:	60,609	57,796	63,422
Married-couple family	51,746	49,316	54,176
Other family:	8,863	7,096	10,630
Male householder, no wife present	3,343	2,455	4,231
Female householder, no husband present	5,520	4,219	6,821
Nonfamily households:	71,842	68,658	75,026
Male householder	40,415	38,439	42,391
Female householder	31,427	29,135	33,719

Notes

The 2003 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college domitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The confidence interval computed here is a 90 percent confidence interval and can be interpreted roughly as providing 90 percent certainty that the true number falls between the lower and upper bounds.

The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

1. An '*' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard

error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate. 2. An ^{****} entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.

3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.

4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. 7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.